

ALEXANDRIA

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27.

COLORED PAUPERS. - A telegraphic dispatch from Richmond, dated yesterday, says: - "Gen. Schofield has decided that the State poor laws shall be enforced with reference to the paupers to whom the Freedmen's Bureau has ceased giving rations. By this decision all the colored vagrants who crowded to the cities of Virginia after the war will be returned to their respective countries where they are citizens. The pauper whites will be treated in the same

ANOTHER REMOVAL. - The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says the President to-day ordered that Gen. Sickles be relieved of the command of the second military district, and that Gen. Canby be appointed to succeed him. It is not known whether Gen. Sickles is to be mustered out of the volunteer service as major general, but it is believed that Gen. Grant will issue an order to that effect, thus placing Gen. Sickles as a colonel, which is his rank in the regular army."

It is stated in the New York Weekly and the National Intelligencer, that Judge Magrath, of S. C., the U. S. District Judge of that State in 1860,-a violent secessionist and the man who "adjourned the Federal Court in Charleston forever," on the ground that "the election of a sectional President by a sectional majority was a sufficient cause for the freemen of South Carolina to assert their inalienable rights of self-government, and for the State to resume her unquestionable sovereignty, and snap the bands which bound her to a hated Union"-is now the chief clerk of Gen. Sickles, his confidential adviser, and the warm defender his course!!

Wendell Phillips declares, in a recent numis the staff which holds up the traitor President. Without him Johnson could neither stand nor walk." Then the President has not a very strong staff to lean on; for, from any thing that Gen. Grant says or does, we do not see that he favors the policy or the principles of the President, or is at all, his political ally. He simply performs the duties allotted to him and nothing else; and it is now quite certain that he disapproved of the suspension of Stanton and the removal of Sheridan.

Ball's statue of Edwin Forrest, which has just arrived in Boston from Italy, was privately exhibited in that city on Saturday. The Boston Post says: "The statue is six feet six inches in height, and represents Coriolanus replying to Virgilia his wife, Volumnia his mother, and Valeria, who beseech him to spare Rome.' This statue was ordered in 1863, by ten gentlemen, the majority living in Boston, who subscribed \$1000 for the work. It will probably, be set up in Boston, after exhibition in the principal cities of the country.

We published lately an article from the Mark Lane Express relative to the grain crops in Europe. On the other hand, the London Mercantile Gazette, after a survey of the accounts from the various grain growing countries, asserts that the crops every where are more than usually abundant. Especially is this the case in England, France and Russia.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, expresses the opinion that the first business of Congress, when it meets, will be to prepare articles of impeachment against the President , and that this is the only way to save the country.

The Firemen in Philadelphia had yesterday, a "caricature procession" ridiculing the practice of receiving firemen returning from visits to other cities.

The official order relative to relieving Gen. Sheridan, and appointing Gen. Hancock in his place, was issued yesterday.

Foreign News .- Prussia is preparing to counteract the efforts of France and Austria to form an Austro-German Confederation. A Berlin dispatch of yesterday announces that the King of Prussia has arranged a conference powers conferred by Congress, and still more with the Soverigns of the South German States, to take place at Baden at an early day. An Anti-Slavery Congress, composed of lead- cution. His rule has, in fact, been one of abing emancipationists of the world, with a large | solute tyranny, without reference to the prinrepresentation of Americans and Africans, met in Paris yesterday. They propose to address an appeal to the Powers still tolerating slavery, urging its abolition. Dr. Valpeau, the distinguished French physician, is dead. A collision that would have had important consequences was near occurring at the island of Candia. The commander of a Turkish manof-war attempted to interfere with a Prussian war steamer which was receiving on board some Cretan refugees. Both vessels cleared failed to obey the statutes of the land, and to for action, but Omar Pasha heared of it and exact, within his jurisdiction, a like obedience prevented the collision. Reports from Spain from others. It cannot "be interpreted by the in reference to the insurrection are conflicting. | unreconstructed element in the South-those The Government claims to have suppressed who did all they could to break up this Govthe movement, but the insurgents claim that | ernment by arms and now wish to be the only they are meeting with success and gaining element consulted as to the method of restor strength. The Russian Government has sent

The Lynchburg Republican speaking of what is claimed by its supporters as the "radical" movement for paying off the government bonds with greenbacks, a movement apparently spreading and increasing in strength in all the West and Northwest, says :- "The people of the South are not specially interested either one way or the other in the issue of this agitation. We can lose or gain very little either way, and can afford to watch the game as dispassionate neutrals. It concerns us mainly as an element in the political struggle which is filling the country with noise and tumult. If it prove an effective weapon against Radicalism, we shall rejoice in its success, whatever the sacrifices it may impose upon us. We have very tew greenbacks and fewer bonds; but we have our lives and lands, which can never be safe while the Radical party is in control of the government."

Berdan rifles.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON TO GENERAL GRANT.

EXECUTIVE MANSION. WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1867. DEAR SIR: Before you issue instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you may deem necessary respecting the assignments to which the order refers. Truly yours,

ANDREW JOHNSON. General U. S. GRANT, Secretary of War ad interim.

[Enclosed was the order for the removal of Gen. Sheridan.]

GENERAL GRANT TO PRESIDENT JOHNSON. HDORS. ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1867 His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the

SIR: I am in receipt of your order of this date, directing the assignment of Gen. G. H. Thomas to the command of the 5th military district, Gen. Sheridan to the Department of this date, (enclosing these instructions,) saying, "Before you issue instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order I would be pleas ed to hear any suggestions you may deem necorder refers.'

tion to urge-earnestly urge-urge in the name | Executive is solemnly bound, "to the best of a patriotic people, who have sacrificed hundreds of thousands of loyal lives and thousands of millions of treasure to preserve the integrity | great excitement it may be lost to public view, and union of this country-that this order be it is his duty, without regard to the consequennet insisted on. It is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that Gen. Sheridan should not be removed from his present command. This is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land. I beg that their

voice may be heard. duties faithfully and intelligently. His removal to the citizen protection for life, limb, and will only be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress. It will be interpreted by low, and a despotism be fixed upon the people the unreconstructed element in the Souththose who did all they could to break up this will. Government by arms, and now wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order--as a triumph. It will embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have did not consider General Sheridan the most the Executive with them.

for the Union entitle him to some consideration. He has repeatedly entered his protest against teing assigned to either of the five mil- mand that he should be sup reeded by an offiitary districts, and especially to being assigned | cer who, while he will faithfully execute the to relieve Gen. Sheridan.

Gen. Hancock ought not to be removed from where he is. His department is a complicated one, which will take a new commander some

time to become acquainted with. There are military reasons, pecuniary reasons, and, above all, patriotic reasons, why this

order should not be insisted on. I beg to refer to a letter, marked private, which I wrote to the President when first conber of the Anti-Slavery Standard, that "Grant sulted on the subject of the changes in the War Department. It bears upon the subject of this removal, and I had hoped would have

I have the honor to be, with great respect-our obedient servant, U. S. GRANT. your obedient servant, General U. S. Army, and Secretary of War ad

PRESIDENT JOHNSON TO GEN. GRANT. EXECUTIVE MANSION,

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19, 1867. GENERAL: I have received your communication of the 17th instant, and thank you for the promptness with which you have submitted your views respecting the assignments directed in my order of that date. When I stated, in my unofficial note of the 17th, that I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you might deem necessary upon the subject, it was not my intention to ask from you a formal report, but rather to invite a verbal statement of any reasons affecting the public interests which, in your opinion, would render the order inexpedient. Inasmuch, however, as you have embodied your suggestions in a written communication, it is proper that should make some reply. You earnestly urge that the order be not

insisted on, remarking that "it is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that Gen. Sheridan should not be removed from his present command." While I am cognizant of the Sheridan in command of the 5th military distriet, I am not aware that the question has ever been submitted to the people themselves for determination. It certainly would be unjust to the army to assume that, in the opinion of the nation, he alone is capable of commanding the States of Louisiana and Texas, and that, were he for any cause removed, no other general in the military service of the U.S. would be competent to fill his place. General Thomas, whom I have designated as his suc cessor, is well known to the country. Having won high and honorable distinction, in the field, he has since, in the execution of the responsible duties of a department commander, exhibited great ability, sound discretion and sterling patriotism. He has not failed, under the most trying circumstances, to enforce the laws, to preserve peace and order, to encour age the restoration of civil authority, and to promote, as far as possible, a spirit of recon ciliation. His administration of the Department of the Cumberland will certainly compare most favorably with that of Gen. Sheridan in the 5th military district. There affairs appear to be in a disturbed condition, and a bitter spirit of antagonism seems to have resulted from Gen. Sheridan's management. He has rendered himself exceedingly obnoxious by the manner in which he has exercised even the so by a resort to authority not granted by law nor necessary to its faithful and efficient execiples of our Government or the nature of our free institutions. The state of affairs which has resulted from the course he has pursued has seriously interfered with a harmonious satisfactory, and speedy execution of the acts of Congress, and is alone sufficient to justify a change. His removal, therefore, cannot "be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress," for the object is to facilitate their execution, through an officer who has never ing order-as a triumph;" for, as intelligent an order to the United States for 100,000 men, they must know that the mere change of military commanders cannot alter the law, and that Gen. Thomas will be as much bound by "embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them," for they are

> No one, as you are aware, has a higher appreciation than myself of the services of General Thomas, and no one would be less inclined to assign him to a command not entirely to ing, on the Ohio river, while "hurrahing for his wishes. Knowing him as I do, I cannot Jeff. Davis." think that he will hesitate for a moment to obey any order having in view a complete and speedy restoration of the Union, in the preservation of which he has rendered such important and valuable services.

perfectly familiar with the antecedents of the

President, and know that he has not obstructed

the faithful execution of any act of Congress.

Gen. Hancock, known to the whole country as a gallant, and patriotic soldier, will, I have no doubt, sustain his high reputation in any position to which he may be assigned. If, as died yesterday.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON AND GENERAL GRANT. | you observe, the department which he will leave is a complicated one, I feel confident that under the guidance and instructions of Gen. Sherman, Gen. Sheridan will soon become familiar with its occessities, and will avail himself of the opportunity afforded by the Indian troubles for the display of the energy, enterprise, and daring which gave him so enviable a reputation during our recent civil struggle. In assuming that it is the expressed wish of the people that Gen. Sheridan should not be

removed from his present command, you remark that "this is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land," and "beg that their voice may be heard." This is indeed a republic, based, however, upon a written Constitution. That Constitution is a combined and expressed will of the people, and their voice is law when reflected in the manuer which that instrument prescribes. While one of its provisions makes the President commander-in-chief of the army and navy, another requires that "he sha'l take care that the laws be faithfully executed." Believing that a change in the command of the 5th military disthe Missouri, and Gen. Hancock to the De- triet is absolutely necessary for a faithful exepartment of the Cumberland; also, your note of cution of the laws, I have issued the order which is the subject of this correspondence; and in thus exercising a power that inheres in the Executive, under the Constitution, as commander-in-chief of the military and naval foressary respecting the assignments to which the ces, I am discharging a duty required of me by the will of the nation, as formally declared in I am pleased to avail myself of this invita- the supreme law of the land. By his oath the at his ability, to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution." and although in time of ces to himself, to hold sacred and to enforce any and all of its provisions. Any other course would lead to the destruction of the republic; for, the Constitution once abolished, there would be no Congress for the exercise of legislative powers, no executive to see that the laws General Sheridan has performed his civil are faithfully executed, no judiciary to afford property. Usurpation would inevitably folin violation of their combined and expressed

In conclusion, I fail to perceive any 'milita ry," "pecuniary," or "patriotic reasons" why this order should not be carried into effect. You will remember that in the first instance I suitable officer for the command of the 5th The services of General Thomas in battling military district. Time has strengthened my convictions upon this point, and has led me to the conclusion that patriotic considerations delaw, will at the same time give more general satisfaction to the whole people, white and black. North and South.

I am, General, very respectfully, yours, ANDREW JOHNSON. Gen. U. S. GHANT, Secretary of War ad in

NEWS OF THE DAY

'To show the very age and body of the times.

The Japanese acrobats are figuring in the New York courts. An order of arrest was issued on Saturday against Mr. and Mrs. Smith, on the affidavit of Thomas McGuire, charging them with conspiring to break up the troupe and obtain the services of the aerobats for their own benefit. Later in the day the parties charged were lodged in prison. The boy All Right was with the defendants, and preferred going to jail to being separated from them.

A private letter from near Fort Hays, Kansas, dated August 20, says the cholera has been the scourge of the Plains this summer, and it seems strange that it should ever become an epidemic here, the air being so pure and so many thousands of square miles of it One company of cavalry at that post lost twenty-one men by cholera, and thus far eighty men have died by that disease at that post.

Hou. J. G. Blaine, who is making the tour of Europe, thinks the estimates often made that there are fifty thousand to seventy-five thousand Americans travelling in Europe at this time extremely wild. He has made a careful estimate from the most reliable data at his efforts that have been made to retain General | command, and is satisfied that to-day-there are not fifteen thousand Americans in all Europe.

The foreign imports of New York for last week foot up \$4,276,594, of which \$2,318,692 were for dry goods. Among the general merchandise items were the following "luxuries:" Toys, \$14,600; perfumery, \$3,283; cigars, \$3,818; fancy goods, \$39,917; jewelry; \$61, 762; watches, \$60,696; champagne, \$8,960 and wines, \$10,821.

Ex-Gov. and Ex-Senator Foote, while de fending a client in Nashville, Tenn., recently, got into a personal altercation with the recorder, was fined several times for contempt of court, and finally sentenced to jail for thirty days. The fines were afterwards remitted and the order of committal revoked.

The National Intelligencer says that "the resignation of every member of the Cabinet is at the disposal of the President;" but adds: "We do not by this imply that the whole Cabinct is forthwith to be changed, or that vacancies are thus inevitably created which must at once be filled."

The New Orleans Crescent says it seems that the crops of Louisiana, are in a worse plight as to cotton than any other Southern State; that Texas is next on the roll of misfortune; but that there is by no means a very bad prospect in Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama or Georgia. There is a little boy in Lynn, Mass., whose

mother, grandmother, great-grandmother and great-great-grandmother are all living. His great-grandmother's age is seventy-seven, and his great-great-grandmother's is within a year or so of one hundred.

The Indians recently came upon a Texan school house, and commenced firing at the scholars. The heroic lady who was teacher told the savages to fire at her and save the children. They did so, and she fell pierced by

Some merchants in New York have sent \$1,000 to the Howard Association, in Galveston, Texas, for the relief of the sick and destitute there. Several captains of Northern mer its requirements as Gen. Sheridan. It cannot chant vessels in port, have died of the yellow

> Gen. Sheridan has responded to the call of certain Radicals of New Orleans by removing from office the City Surveyor and the City Attorney and Assistant Attorney.

> A young man named Alexander Ross was shot and killed on Saturday, at Hamilton Land-A Democratic Convention met in Cincinnati.

> the other day, to nominate a candidate for Congress, and "broke up in a row." John M. Langston, the colored speaker, de-

> livered an address in Baltimore, yesterday to a large audience. The Roman Catholic Archbishop at Quebe

VIRGINIA NEWS. A Radical colored meeting at Manchester, on Saturday night, was addressed by J. C. R. Parker, Commonwealth's Astorney at Norfolk, who is stumping the State under the auspices of the National Rapical Committee. He was much applauded for the semiment that, "Rather than not unclog the whee's of reconstruction we should hang the President

and General Grant as high as Haman." R H. Booker, confined in jail, in Lynch burg, as one of the brothers who made the assault upon Mr. Glass, of that place, desperate ly wounding him, and depriving him of the sight of one eye, has been at the "request" of the military authorities released on bail of \$5,000 for his appearance at court. Booker made application to the military authorities for interference in his case.

The case of the colored Canadian who applied for redress tecause the owners of the steamship Hatteras refused him a first-cabin passage on account of color, was decided by U. S. Commissioner Cahoon, yesterday. He de cided that the civil rights bill only applied to American citizens, and foreigners could not obtain redress under it.

Major Delmater, chief of the medical bureau of the Richmond district, was mustered out yesterday. This is the first officer mustered out in that department under the President's sys tem of removal of volunteer officers.

Col. Burnham, of New York, Judge Advocate General of the Department of Virginia, it is said, is to be detailed to act as Judge of the Hustings Court in Richmond.

The announcement of the arrival of Bishop McGill at New York last Tuesday, was pre-

The City Council, of Richmond, is about on-ning a new almshouse for colored people.

MENAGERIE ANIMALS KILLED. - The Rich mond Dispatch says: We regret to hear that the large collection of rare and costly animals attached to Robinson's great menagerie has been recently deprived of three or four of its most notable members. A telegram was received here on Friday stating that his two tapirs and the beautiful zebra had been poisoned. On Thursday evening the animals were hearty, active, and sprightly, and on Friday morning they were found dead. It was GROCERIES, quite evident that the animals had been poisoned by some malicious person, and that the deadly agent used was that subtle of all poisons known as strychnine.

The tapirs are said to have been the only two of their species on this continent. They were procured only after great perseverance, and cost Mr. Robinson the heavy sum of \$15,-000. The zebra was very valuable also, but its loss can be more easily repaired. The loss of the tapirs is regarded as almost irreparable.

We understand that it is the intention of Mr. Robinson to offer a reward of \$5,000 for the apprehension and conviction of the villain or villains by whom this great outrage has been

The Chicago Tribune which is as reliable a Radical sheet as can be found anywhere, recently gave atterance to the following remarks. We commend them to the consideration of colored people, who now play the part of cats' paw for cunning white monkeys:

"We again repeat the warning to our Re publican friends in all parts of the country, that the greatest danger to the success of reconstruction in the rebel States is to be apprehended from the extravagance and demagogism of the white upstarts who are fastening themselves upon the neck of the negro population, and will ride them to destruction if not over-

The Conservative editors of Georgia met at Macon on Friday, and drew up a memorial to Gen. Pope, asking a revocation of his order regulating the distribution of official advertising. In case he refuses they will apply to President Johnson.

The currency question is to figure largely as a new element in the electionts for the next Congress. In the Western States the question is already dividing parties, and it may, ultimately, form a new and overruling political

The Providence Journal says: The dismissal of so many clerks in the Treasury Department, and the expected dismissal of more, should stop the tide of young men flowing to Washington in search of government employment.

Rev. Dr. Bellows, of New York, who is now in Europe, writes home that American government stocks are in large and increasing demand in Germany as investments.

In Cincinnati the price of gas has been redused to \$2 per 1,000 feet by ordinance of the Common Council.

GOLD.

NEW YORK, August. 27-Gold to-day, 141;

Washington Items. -Yesterday a young man named Wm. Crowley, was accidentally shot and instantly killed in the Centre market house by a friend and companion, Jos. Mandus, who was examining a loaded pistol while engaged in conversation with the deceased .-The ball took effect in the right breast, and the young man fell to the ground and expired without a grean. Mandus went to the Central guard house and gave himself up. The judges of the late regatta rendered their

decision this morning, awarding the first prize to the Al. Dager, (Philadelphia boat,) and deciding that no boats are entitled to the second and third prizes, because it was in evidence that none of them adhered to the rules of the race. It was acknowledged by the crews of the Harrison and Brunette that they made a bargain with each other to use oars and paddles, with a view of coming in for the Machine Oil, pure Lard Oil, fresh Turnip Seed second and third prizes.

Five numerously attended temperance meetings were held in various parts of the city on Sunday morning. A number of distinguished temperance champions delivered addresses and quite a crowd of converts were made to the

An immense concourse of ladies and gentlemen were on the grounds of the National Base Ball Club, yesterday, to witness the match game for the championship of the United States, between the Mutuals, of New York, and the Nationals of Washington. After an exciting contest the match was won by the Mutuals, the score standing: Mutuals, 40 Nationals, 16. The visitors will go to Baltimore to-day, where they will engage the Pastimes, of that city.

DIED.

On Sunday, the 25th inst , VIRGINIA BUT-LER, wife of Wm. Mountjoy, and daughter of Wm. H. Butler, dec'd., of Fairfax co., in the 29th year of her age. But a few short months have passed since she came among us a happy bride. Possessed of youth and health, she gave promise of a long life; but she has been taken away, leaving behind her little babe. To us it is not given to fathom this Providence, but "we know all thinks work together for good to them | to-day and for sale low by

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. J. T BECKHAM, T. T. GWIN. Culpeper co., Va Formerly of Gwin & Son. E. L. Tolson, Maryland. GWIN, BECKHAM & CO.,

COMMISSION, GROCKRY AND FEED MERCHANTS, No. 33, King street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

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Solicits consignments of Country Produce and

orders for the purchase of supplies, and promis-

es to give the best attention to any business

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ALEXANDRIA, VA. Quick sales and prompt returns. Having large experience in the Dry Goods, as well as the Grocery and Liquor Business, Country Merchants will do well to savor me with their orders. I have a variety of TEAS, which I will sell below the market price. Also Granulated, Crushed and Brown Sugars je 25-tf ROBERT JAMIESON. LAMIESON & LEE.

GENERAL

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(Successors to Fowle & Co.) COMMISSION, SHIPPING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS Also, dealers in GUANOS, SALT, LUMP and GROUND PLASTER, FISH, GRAIN

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mh 10-tf

BAYNE, MILLER & CO.,

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WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS No 19, COMMERCE STREET, (I door north of Pratt) Keep constantly on hand a large supply of GROCERIES, TEAS, &c., &c. Will be happy to receive orders for any articles in their line. Baltimore May 20-1y

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PROVISIONS SALT FISH,

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Particular attention paid to the selling of all kinds of Country Produce, and of filling orders for Groceries, Guano, Seeds, &c. Goods promptly forwarded. jan 5-1

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FAMILY and EXTRA FLOUR. TYNOX & WATTLES, COMMISSION MERCHANTS And Dealers in PERUVIAN GUANO,

Agents for the sale of SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO, No. 17, King st., Alexandria, Va J. R. EDMONDS W. A. SMOOT. A. SMOOT & CO.,

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No. 38, South Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Articular attention paid to all consign-

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AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, NO. 18, NORTH ROYAL STREET, Respectfully solicits consignments. Sales attended to with promptness and

TENRY C. WINSHIP.

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PRESH DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

The subscriber has received a fresh supply of the following: Cayenne Pepper, Oatmeal, Cardamon Seed, French Blacking, Red and Red and White Twine, Oil of Sandal Wood, Hostet-ter's Bitters, Drake's Bitters, pure Linseed Oil Castor Oil, Lewis's Pure Lead, Chrome Green and Chrome Yellow, English Sheet Glue, Little's White Oil, Hall's Hair Renewer, Furniture and Coach Varnish, Sulphuric Acid, Ether, Babbitt's Saleratus, pure Potash, Wash Blue, Starch, Babbitt's Toilet Soaps, &c., &c. The subscriber also takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he is constantly receiving additions to his stock as needed, all of which he is determined to sell at the very lowest possible rates. HENRY COOK,

39 and 220, King st P. BARTHOLOW.

NO. 25, KING STREET, (Between Water and Union streets,) ALEXANDRIA, VA. Manufacturer of and Dealer in AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY. Importer and Grower of

GARDEN, FIELD & GRASS SEEDS. Dealer in all STANDARD FERTILIZERS. Agent for Fairbanks' Scales, and Her-J. P. BARTHOLOW, 25, King st., Alexandria, Va. 558, 7th st., Washington, D. C ing's Safes. BASKETS, Buckets, Plow Lines, Bed Cording. Wrapping Paper and Twine, received

J. C. MILBURN.

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HUMPHREY'S HOMEGPATHIC SPECIFICS Have proved from the most ample experience an entire success; Simple, Prompt, efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mis-takes cannot be made in using them; so harm less as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all, and will alway. render satisfaction

1, Cures Fevers, Congestion, Inflamations. 25

Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic 25

Crying Colic, Teething of Infants.

Diarrhoea of children or adults ... 25 Dysentery, Griping, Billious Colie Choiera Morbus, Vomiting....... Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis...... Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. Headaches, sick headache, Vertigo Dyspepsia, Billious stomach Suppressed, or pai ful periods. Whites, too profuse periods. Croup, Cough, difficult breathing. Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, Ague, Piles, blind or bleeding ... Ophthalmy, & sore or weak eyes Catarrh, acute or chronic influenza Whooping-cough, violent caughs Asthma, oppressed Breathing Ear discharges, impaired hearing. Scrufula, enlarged glands swelling General debility, physical weaknes & Dropsy and scanty secretions Sea sickness, sickness from riding. Kidney disex e, gravel..... Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions, involuntary discharges 1.0 Sore Mouth, Canker ..

Painful periods with spasins Sufferings at change of life Epilepsy, spasms, -t. Vitus' Dancel in Diptheris, ulce sted sore throat. FAMILY CASES. Of 35 large vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ord many disease

Urinary weakness wetting bed

a family is subject to, and a book of di-Smaller Family and travelling cases, with 20 to 28 vials...... from 5510 Specifics for all private diseases, both for curing and for preventive treatment, in

vinls and pocket cases Eq. These remedies, by the case or single pox, are sent to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of charge, on the receipt of the price. JANNE & CO., Wholesale Agents, 145, King st EUREKA, THE INFALLIBLE HAIR RESTO

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REASONS WHY THE EUREKA SHOULD

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